The Present 9 Digits are Altered through the 1 Value out of the Simple Fractions of 1 & 41/13 Is to be Set Instead of the Present $\pi$ Value of 22/7

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The new Circle value $\frac{41}{13}$ has been defined and proved to be the more definite and more accurate value to be used in mathematical calculation instead of the present $\pi$ value of $\frac{22}{7}$ which is only an arbitrary value.

Keywords: power of 01; marking of 1; simple fractions of 1; mixed fractions, Digit Real 1;Digit Other 1; once-again ‘0’ value as $\frac{\circ}{\circ}$ circle value, concrete numerator; concrete denominator.; Universal soonya power; fullness value of 9; digital transposition

Abstract
If the Simple fractions of 1 such as $0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{3}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10}$ till the marking of 1 give a one value, the Mixed fractions of 1 such as $1 \rightarrow 1\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow 1\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 1\frac{3}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10}$ till the fullness of 1 further give the Other 1 value, where then totally there are two 1s. From the added value of the two values of these two 1s, here Digit 2 originates. Similar to the Digit Other 1, Digit 2 is having only the Mixed fractions such as $2 \rightarrow 2\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow 2\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 2\frac{3}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10}$ till the fullness of 2 and similarly Digit 3 is having only the Mixed fractions such as $3 \rightarrow 3\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow 3\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 3\frac{3}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10}$ till the fullness of 3, and so on with the same stage of the Mixed fractions till Digit 9. This is because there are no Simple fractions for 2 or 3 or for any further digits till Digit 9.

In addition to the above-see 9 Mixed fractions as 9 normal digits, there are 9 mixed fractions as 9 normal digits.

1. Mixed fractions of 1 start from the marking of 1 as Digit Other 1
2. Mixed fractions of 2 start from the marking of 2 as Digit 2
3. Mixed fractions of 3 start from the marking of 3 as Digit 3
4. Mixed fractions of 4 start from the marking of 4 as Digit 4
5. Mixed fractions of 5 start from the marking of 5 as Digit 5
6. Mixed fractions of 6 start from the marking of 6 as Digit 6
7. Mixed fractions of 7 start from the marking of 7 as Digit 7
8. Mixed fractions of 8 start from the marking of 8 as Digit 8
9. Mixed fractions of 9 start from the marking of 9 as Digit 9

But the Simple fractions of 1 starting from 0 give the Real 1 value.

The present $\pi$ value $\frac{22}{7}$ is only an arbitrary value. So, upon request the new Circle value $\frac{41}{13}$ has been formed as an accurate value for mathematical calculations of a circle, present $\pi$ value, has a large number of decimal values that reduce the accuracy in mathematical calculations.

IN THE SIMPLE FRACTIONS OF 1, ‘0’ SEEN AT THE VERY LEFT SIDE IS THE STARTING POINT.

So, this Beginning value 0 at the very left side is valuable in the Simple fractions of 1.

Both the Simple fractions of 1 and its Beginning value 0 are not applicable in the Counting value. Rather, the counting starts from the Digit Other 1, only from which start the Mixed fractions of 1. But for the Space value and for the Circle value, both the Simple fractions of 1 and its Beginning value 0 are applicable valuably.

So, on all the scales used to measure the Space value, ‘0’ is marked as the Beginning value.

Apart from the ‘1’ in use for counting (as the 1 with the Mixed fractions of 1 in that 1), there is a one value still at the left side, that is from 0 till the marking of 1 or till the beginning of 1, where there are all the Simple fractions of 1 with the Real 1 value out of all those Simple fractions. This shows that the Simple fractions of 1 from 0 till the beginning of 1 give the Real 1 value.

FROM THE POWER OF THE SIMPLE FRACTIONS, DIGIT REAL 1 ARISES.

The power of the Simple fraction $\frac{1}{4}$ is from 0 till the $\frac{1}{4}$
point on a measuring scale.

The power of the Simple fraction \(\frac{1}{2}\) is from 0 till the \(\frac{1}{2}\) point on a measuring scale.

The power of the Simple fraction \(\frac{3}{4}\) is from 0 till the \(\frac{3}{4}\) point on a measuring scale.

The power of 01 is almost the 1 value from 0 till the brimming point of touching the marking of 1 at its left side.

All the Simple fractions of 1 are the Simple fractions of Real 1 which is the Digit Real 1. Among all these Simple fractions of 1, the 01 alone touches the marking of 1, where as the power of the totality of all, the Digit Real 1 arises. So, practically 01 is transformed as the Digit Real 1.

\[\text{Diagram for Digit Real 1}\]

\[\text{Diagram for Digit Other 1}\]

\[\text{Diagram for Digit 2}\]

\[\text{Diagram for Digit 9}\]

The brimming value is seen at the last point of each diagram, where the next digit originates.

AGAIN, FOR MEASURING ANY CIRCLE VALUE, 0 AT THE LEFT SIDE GIVES DOUBLE VALUE.

For measuring a circle such as the circular clock, the circular planet earth and the circular universe, 0 at the left side is with double value.

This is because every circle starts from 0 and ends in the same 0 point in 360°.

CIRCLE IS WITH EXCLUSIVE CALCULATION SYSTEM

In an encircled fist, there are five gaps between the five fingers. So here the gaps are equal to five fingers’ number. Here the numbering of both the fingers and the gaps is the same as in Figure 5.

The encircling of the five fingers on the fist is with five gap values, where the numbering of both the fingers and the gap values is the same.
The uniqueness of the circle is again in the starting point and in the ending point. Every circle starts from ‘0’ and that circle ends in the same ‘0’ point in 360°. So there is an (once) again ‘0’ value in every circle with the evaluation of $\theta$.

The above-said two unique facts are seen exclusively in the circle. So the same theory is seen in the clock, in the circular planet, in the circular stars, and in the circular universe. In the clock, there are two zero values such as the ‘0’ o’clock as the starting point, and in the same 0 point there is the 12 o’clock as the ending point in 360°. Here everyone should know that in reality 12 o’clock is the once-again counted same ‘0.’ Again, on the clock we see and count twelve markings with the same 12 gaps or 12 gap values in between those 12 markings because of the encircled state or being a circle.

Surely, the same theory is to be made applicable for all the calculations of the planet circular earth. For every interplanetary journey, surely this unique calculation is necessary and is to be applied for easy and speedy reaching to the other planets, even to the other planets beyond our Solar system.

**THE CALCUALTION OF THE SPACE WHICH IS WITH HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL LINES HAVING ‘0’ AS THE STARTING POINT**

But for the calculation of the space with horizontal and vertical lines, the calculation is starting only from the once counted ‘0’ being the valuable ‘0,’ which now we see on every scale by its starting from ‘0’ point on all the scales.

*From 0 to 9, there are IX gap values because 0 is the starting point to scale the space. (Figure 6)*

**COUNTING VALUE IS THE VERY NORMAL VALUE FROM THE NEOLITHIC AGE**

The counting starts from ‘1,’ where 0 at the left side is valueless. Not only is 0 at the left side valueless in the counting, but the Simple fractions of 1 till 01 at the left side as $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, 01 are also valueless in the counting, because counting starts from the Mixed fractions of 1 at the right side, where there are $1\frac{1}{4}$, $1\frac{1}{2}$, $1\frac{3}{4}$ etc. which is the Other 1. So in between 1 to 9 there are only 8 gap values (Figure 7).

This counting theory is totally different from the calculation of the circle theory and from the calculation of the space theory.

Using the calculation of the counting theory, either for the circle or for the space, is limiting the calculation with wrong result in the enormous level of calculation.

By this reason, till now we are not able to calculate or measure the universal phenomena correctly and exactly.

*This limitation in calculation is straightaway seen through the VIII gap values in between 1 to 9 while the counting starts from 1.*
SIMPLE FRACTIONS OF 1 ALTER THE TOTALITY OF NINE DIGITS TO TEN DIGITS.

The Simple fractions of 1 give a Real 1 value, and surely it is the Digit Real 1. If it is so, there are ten Digits; where from the Other 1 as the Mixed fractions of 1 itself, further there are nine digits besides the Digit Real 1.

THE TEN DIGITS ONE BY ONE

1. The Simple fractions of 1 from 0 to 01, that is till the marking of 1 give the one value as the Digit Real 1.
   
   From the marking of 0 → ¼ → ½ → ¾ → 01 that touches the marking of 1 at its left side, there arises the Real 1 as the Digit Real 1 out of all the Simple fractions of 1.

2. The Mixed fractions of 1 from the Just 1 to the fullness of 1 give the Digit Other 1.
   
   Where there is the marking of 1 there is the Just 1, further with ¼ → ½ → ¾ fullness of 1 that denote the Digit Other 1.

3. The Mixed fractions of 2 from the Just 2 to the fullness of 2 give the Digit 2.
   
   Where there is the marking of 2 there is the Just 2, further with ¾ → ½ → 2/¾ fullness of 2 that denote the Digit 2.

4. The Mixed fractions of 3 from the Just 3 to the fullness of 3 give the Digit 3.
   
   Where there is the marking of 3 there is the Just 3, further with 3/¾ → ½ → 3¾ fullness of 3 that denote the Digit 3.

5. The Mixed fractions of 4 from the Just 4 to the fullness of 4 give the Digit 4.
   
   Where there is the marking of 4 there is the Just 4, further with ¾ → ½ → 4¾ fullness of 4 that denote the Digit 4.

6. The Mixed fractions of 5 from the Just 5 to the fullness of 5 give the Digit 5.
   
   Where there is the marking of 5 there is the Just 5, further with 5/¾ → ½ → 5¾ fullness of 5 that denote the Digit 5.

7. The Mixed fractions of 6 from the Just 6 to the fullness of 6 give the Digit 6.
   
   Where there is the marking of 6 there is the Just 6, further with 6/¾ → ½ → 6¾ fullness of 6 that denote the Digit 6.

8. The Mixed fractions of 7 from the Just 7 to the fullness of 7 give the Digit 7.
   
   Where there is the marking of 7 there is the Just 7, further with 7/¾ → ½ → 7¾ fullness of 7 that denote the Digit 7.

9. The Mixed fractions of 8 from the Just 8 to the fullness of 8 give the Digit 8.
   
   Where there is the marking of 8 there is the Just 8, further with 8/¾ → ½ → 8¾ fullness of 8 that denote the Digit 8.

10. The Mixed fractions of 9 from the Just 9 to the fullness of 9 give the Digit 9.

   Where there is the marking of 9 there is the Just 9, further with 9/¾ → ½ → 9¾ → fullness of 9 that denote the Digit 9.

Among the many new mathematical inventions of Mr. M. T. Abraham known as the Man of the East, there is a fascinating aspect of his proving of the new value of \( \frac{41}{13} \) for the circle instead of the present \( \pi \) value of \( \frac{22}{7} \), because he is able to prove that within the required 14 fold area of the universe as its circuits, the 13 fold area of the universe is always kept remaining as vacuum, where the \( \frac{1}{14} \) is always covered by the Physical universe of matter in its circuit. So number 13, without controversy, is agreeable for ‘soonya’ or vacuum and that number is ominous for mankind till today for making in any context for fear of causing ‘soonya,’ and such 13 is to be the denominator for the circle value instead of the commendable digit 7, being put as denominator in the present pi value. \( \frac{41}{13} \) gives the Real circle-value instead of the pi value.

The Universe of spaceless space (the present Metaphysical universe with the 14 fold area of the Physical universe of matter) as the vacuum universe in 14 fold area is the existing great circle for the present Physical universe of matter, to rotate in it. So \( \frac{1}{14} \) area of our Physical universe of matter, but which is in elliptical shape, rotates in this 14 fold circle, where there is an always-remaining 13 fold area of vacuum (\( \frac{12}{14} \)) as the universal soonya-power of 13 to be the concrete denominator for the circle-value. Here the basic 14 fold area of vacuum is to be put as the numerator through the digital transposition of 14 to 41. Such 41 becomes the concrete numerator for the circle-value, as then \( \frac{41}{13} \) is to be used as the real circle-value, instead of using the present pi value of \( \frac{22}{7} \), which is a baseless fraction concerning the evaluation of the universe.

WHEN WE TAKE THE FULLNESS VALUE OF 9

[FOR THE CIRCLE]

\[
\frac{41}{13} \rightarrow 4+1+1+3 = 9
\]

Also when we take the fullness value based on 9, really \( \frac{41}{13} \) gives its fullness value as 9 as \( 4+1+1+3 = 9 \), whereas when we take the fullness value of \( \frac{22}{7} \), it contradicts the fullness value of 9 as \( 2 + 2 + 7 = 11 \).
Conclusion

So it is very evidently clarified and proved that there are 9 Mixed fractions starting from the Digit Other 1 as 9 normal digits. Prior to all these 9 normal digits, there is the unique Digit Real 1 as the representation of all the Simple fractions of 1.

As the very conclusion, the sum and substance is that the till-now known Digit 1 from the marking of 1 is to be prolapsed as the Digit Other 1 that goes as the 2nd Digit with all the Mixed fractions of 1, whereas hereafter the 1st Digit is the Digit Real 1 as the representation of all the Simple fractions of 1, so that ultimately there are 10 digits starting from the Digit Real 1.

The Universe of spaceless space as a great circular area is the Circular Big Vacuum Universe in 14 fold area for the present Physical universe of matter which is in an elliptical shape but only in \(\frac{1}{14}\) area of the total Vacuum universe to rotate in that Vacuum universe. The newly formed and defined Circle value has to be accepted as the accurate ratio to be used in calculations. So this Circle value has to be taken up as a challenge by the mathematicians and scientists of the world.

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